### Tracking Portuguese small scale fisheries



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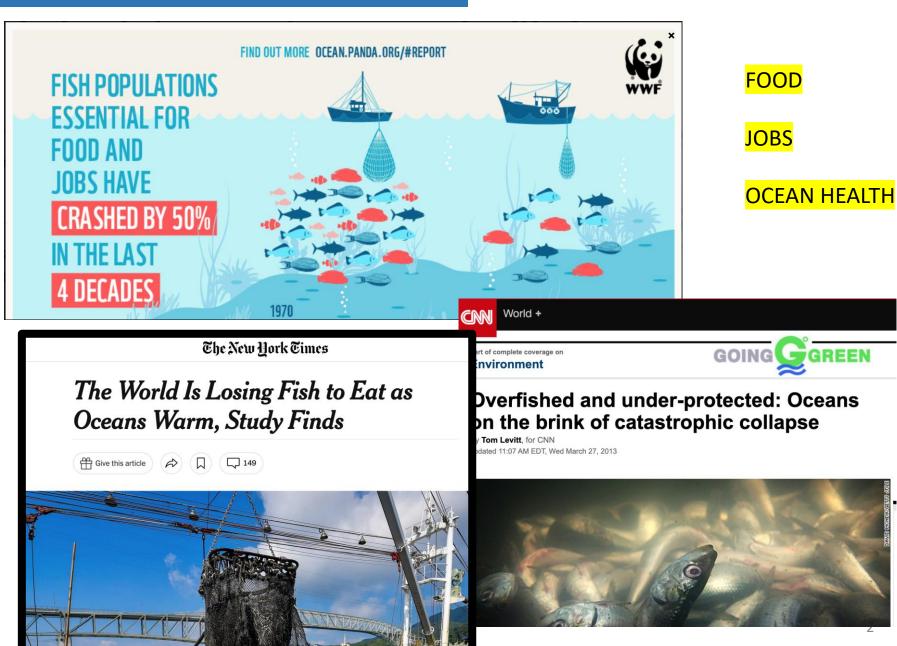




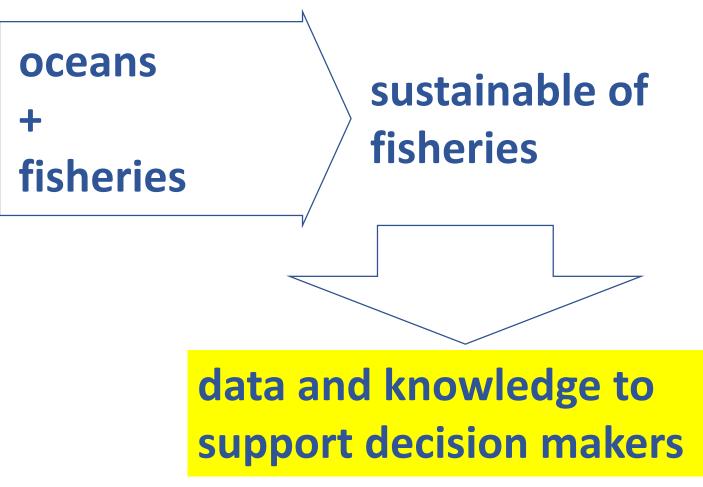
#### 4th Fish X Webinar – May 2023

### **Fisheries sustainability**









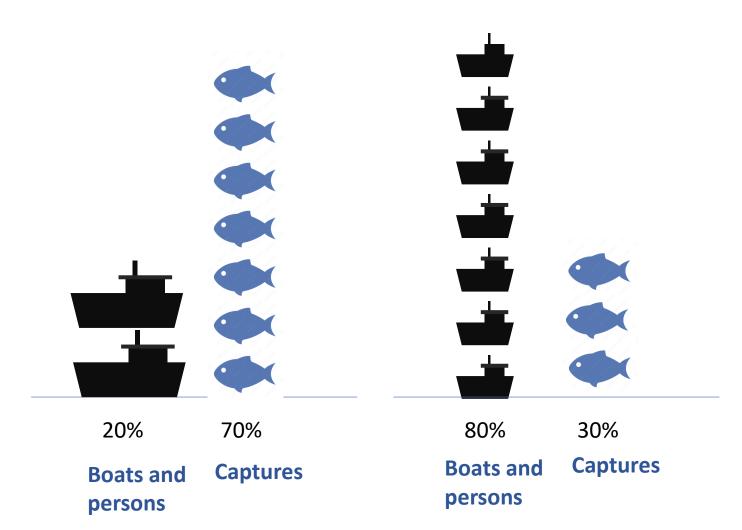
### LSF vs SSF



# Large Scale Fisheries Small Scale Fisheries

> 12 m LOA

<12 m LOA; coastal





→ Food (fisheries), work and cultural heritage – traditional fisheries systems

Operate near the coast (<100 m depth) → areas most used by humankind → home of many commercial species juveniles

 $\rightarrow$  biodiversity hotspots

Are generally more species specific (less by-catches, i.e. non-target species) *Considered* to have lower impact on ecosystems – more sustainable But than, as they are data poor, we don't really know what impact they have



### **Tracking Small scale fisheries?**

→ The question is not if small scale fisheries will be using digital technologies...
 the question is HOW and WHICH?

- Trackers (GPRS, AIS...) high temporal resolution (sec-mins)
- Logbooks (paper or electronic)
- On board cameras (activity, catches and bycatches, ...)
- Activity sensors (e.g. Winch)
- Environmental / oceanographic monitoring (passive on fishing boats or gears)

The more we know about the systems, the best we can apply it.

- What information in logbooks we want or we prefer to get this information from cameras?
- What temporal resolution we need?
- Can we use fishing boats to improve climate models to better forecast climate change?



# Why tracking Small scale fisheries?

- → Why for we need high resolution fishing effort data?
- Ocean is a common resource

   if it is not in a good state. There is no fish to fish
- Spatial management (marine spatial planning)

   for example avoid spatial grabbing (competition for space with other uses)
- Impact on the ecosystems
  - increase/decrease effort
  - high resolution data permits to see the impact
- Marine protected areas
- Economical and social studies
- Stock assessment models

   complement survey information



